

VIVEK TUTORIALS

VIII (New) (English) (Special test)

History & Civics-(Civics 6)

DATE: 23-02-19

TIME: 40 Mins

MARKS: 20

SEAT NO:

Q.1 Complete the given concept map

All India Service

Ans

All India Service

Indian Administrative Service
(IAS)

Indian Police Service
(IPS)

Indian Forest Service
(IFS)

Q.2 Explain the following concept / Short Notes. (Any One)

1 Bureaucracy

- Ans i. It is the administrative system that works under the Union Executive.
 - ii. As this administrative system includes civil service, it is called Bureaucracy.
 - iii. It has the responsibility of actual implementation of government policies.
 - iv. Though the Ministers control the bureaucracy they are department on the bureaucracy for information and efficient functioning.
- 2 Anonymity
- Ans i. Anonymity means that a civil services should not be held directly and smooth functioning of the concerned departments.
 - ii. It is the minister who, as the head of that department, is accountable for any inefficiency.
 - iii. Civil servants are never publicly criticised.
 - iv. The parliament holds the minister responsible for malpractices.
 - v. In such a situation the minister bears the responsibility and protects the bureaucracy.
- Q.3 Explain the statement stating reasons.
 - 1 Co-ordination between the civil servants and ministers help in efficient functioning of the government.
 - Ans i. In parliamentary democracy, the Executive is responsible for efficient governance of the country.
 - ii. The decisions relating to the concerned department are made by the minister-in-charge, but necessary information to make such decision is given by the civil servants.
 - iii. The ministers are dependent on the civil servants for many reasons.
- Q.4 Answer in brief

1 Explain the main types of civil services

Ans In India, there are main types of civil services

i. All India Services – They include the Indian Administrative Service, Indian Police Service (IPS) and Indian Forest Service (IFS).

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- ii. Union or Central Services They come under the Union Government. They include Indian Foreign Service (IFS), Indian Revenue Services (IRS) etc.
- iii. State Civil Services They come under the state government. They include Deputy District Collector, Block Development Officer, recruited through competitive examinations held at the state level.
- Q.5 State True or false with reasons. (PS)

4

In a parliamentary democracy, representatives elected by people and Minister bear the administrative responsibility.

Ans True

2 Union Public Service Commission (UPSC) recruits candidates for the Civil services in Maharashtra.

Ans False - UPSC conducts examinations for recruitment and appointment of candidates for All India Services and central service.

Q.6 Explain the following concept / Short Notes.(PS)

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- 1 Explain the role of the minister and civil servants in the efficient administration of a particular governmental.
- Ans i. The efficiency of a particular governmental department depends upon the inter relationship between the Minister and the Department.
 - ii. The decisions relating to the department are made by the concerned Minister but necessary information to make such decision is given by the civil servants.
 - iii. Civil servants, i.e. the bureaucracy, has complete control over information.
 - iv. It is the civil servant who knows the financial provisions for a particular scheme or plan.
 - v. Civil servants are aware of the history of successes and failures of policies.
- 2 Explain how the bureaucracy provides stability to the political system.
- Ans i. Nowadays we see many positive changes reaching the common people.
 - ii. These changes have been brought about the Indian bureaucracy by implementing the policies made by the Government.
 - iii. Bureaucracy brings stability to the political system.
 - iv. Water supply public cleanliness, reforms, prevention of pollution and such other services are every day needs of the people and need to be consistently provided to them.
- Q.7 Answer the following in detail (PS) (Any One)

2

- 1 It is necessary for Civil Servants to be politically neutral.
- Ans i. Regardless of the political party in power the civil servants are supposed to carry out the work with the same efficiency and commitment.
 - ii. The civil servants should abstain from taking a political stand or act according to the prevalent political views.
 - iii. If a political party fails in the elections, it is no longer in power.
 - iv. Another party that wins the elections comes to power.
 - v. The new government may change same policies of the earlier government.

Even in such cases, the civil servants remain neutral with regard to discharging their duties.

- 2 The reservation policy is followed even in the civil services.
- Ans i. To provide opportunities to all sections of society to enter the civil services.
 - ii. To ensure that weaker sections are not left out due to social inequality.
 - iii. Therefore, the reservation policy is followed ever in the Civil Services.